



# Newsletter

**NEWSLETTER 2020/21  
TERM 1, WEEK 2**

## PRIMARY

The star of the week goes to Lim Ern Yee, Freya from Year 1. Her growing maturity is seen in the numerous friendships she is developing and in the leadership role, she shows during the teamwork. Freya participates in class discussions, often making thoughtful contributions to the topics. Helpful and mindful of her classmate, Freya is often sought out by her classmates. We all wish her a great learning journey ahead and well done!

## STAR OF THE WEEK



**Lim Ern Yee**



**SECONDARY**

The star of the week goes to **Hew Qiao Jie** from year 8. She has produced a high standard work for English lessons. Also, In Global Connections, Qiao Jie has already produced excellent written work and has enthusiastically contributed to all class discussions. She also impressed by generously giving up her break times to help teachers and friends. We all wish her a great learning journey ahead and well done!

**STAR OF THE WEEK**



**Hew Qiao Jie**



Dear Parents / Guardians;

Students have been settling into school life well and there is a strong emphasis on academics this year. I have seen evidence of quality learning taking place and children's enthusiasm in their studies. This is a sign of great progress for a successful school.

I am pleased to see that parents and students are following our request to be punctual as lateness has been significantly minimised. Please keep it up. It is also great to see that the children are greeting one another and adults whenever they meet in school, especially during the drop-off in the morning. This is one of the values which we are instilling in school as it creates a warm and friendly environment for our Rafflesian community.

On another note, a reminder to all parents to regularly access Quickschools for important information and homework announcements etc. and to use the homeroom email address if you have questions regarding your child's performance in school.

Thank you to parents for taking the time to join our coffee morning. Please continue to attend these sessions as they help foster a better understanding of what is happening in school and assist us in working hand in hand to achieve the best for our students.

We will be celebrating class based Merdeka and Malaysia Day on the 14/09/20, students are encouraged to come in with their Malaysian Traditional dress for the day. We value your feedback, and you can email to [principal.puchong@rafflesia.edu.my](mailto:principal.puchong@rafflesia.edu.my) if you have any concerns or enquiries.

Thank you for your much appreciated support.

Ms. Chandra Veerappan







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# Interclass Maths Competition 19/20 winners



**Milly Li You Ran (Y6)**



**Teoh Zhou Xuen (Y8)**



**Joylyvia Ling Ai Ern (Y8)**



**Kaylyn Lee Jing Chun (Y10)**



**Kon Jun Yao (Y11)**



**Wong Joey (Y11)**



# Nursery



During maths class, students were introduced to the Spindle Box. Students developed an understanding that number symbols represent certain quantities of objects. Students were able to place the correct amount of spindles in each compartment and were very proud that they could do it with little help from teacher.





# Reception



We practised writing numbers 0-10 using shaving cream!



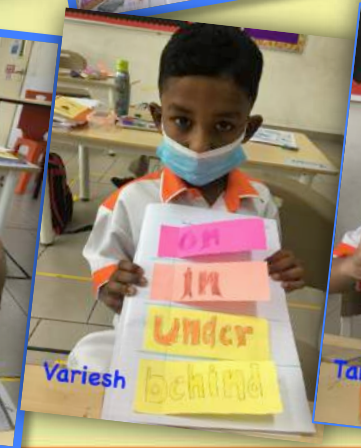


## THE Prepositions



Where is it?

We learned to use the repositions "on, in, under" and "behind" in sentences. We practised constructing simple sentences with capital letters, finger spacing and full stops.





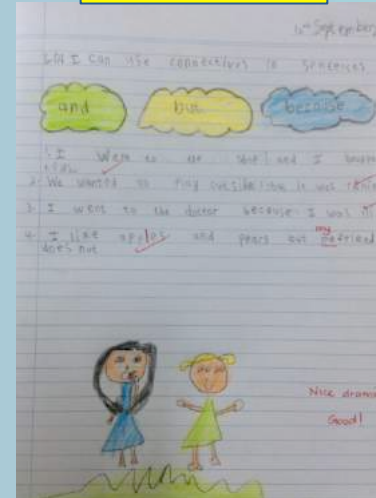


This week in English, we learned to use connectives in our writing. We also learned the /ar/ sound in phonics. We searched for new words with the /ar/ sound to increase our vocabulary.

**Eunice**



**MoYe**



**Cisy**



**Tan Qi Yuan**



**Alsa**



**Eunice**





## ENGLISH

This week in English, the students learned about connectives and constructed sentences by using three major ones. They presented their sentences using the connectives flashcards.



**C  
O  
N  
N  
E  
C  
T  
I  
V  
E  
S**



## Maths

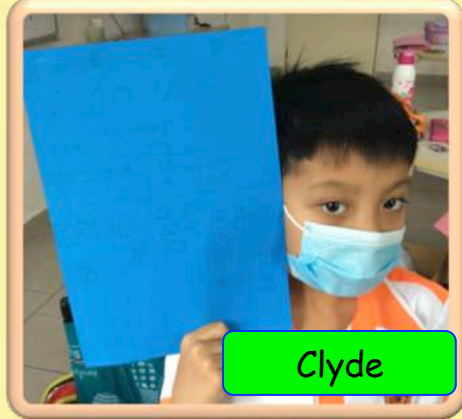
We are learning about place value up to the thousands column. We are also learning how to quickly add or subtract 100, 10, and 1.



Ayra



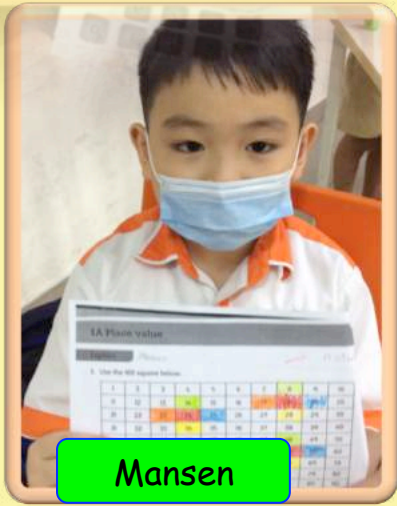
Vidya



Clyde



Carrie Anne



Mansen



Ayla





# Year 4

## Maths - Place value

L.O. To explore counting on and back using 4 digit numbers.

Add 2,000

Take away 2

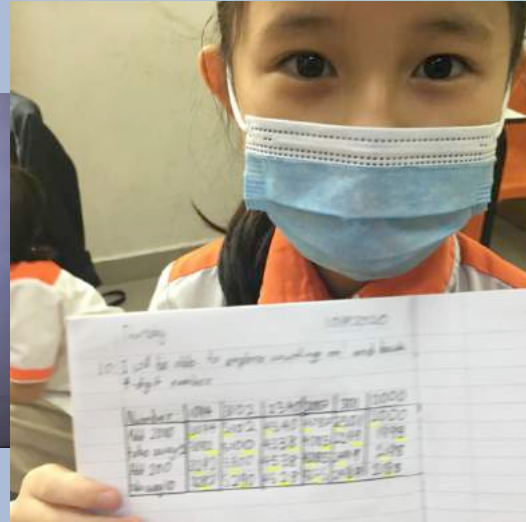
Add 200

Take away 10

1,094 3,102

2,340 2,087

301 0000



This week we have been learning about place value and adding and subtracting by 1000, 100, 10 and 1. We worked hard on problem solving. Guess what? We DID IT!



Number	1094	3102	2340	2087
Add 2000	3094	5102	4340	4087
Take away 2	3092	5100	4338	4085
Add 200	3292	5300	4538	4285
Take away 10	3282	5290	4528	4275
	301	0000		
	2301	2000		
	2299	1900		
	2499			

### What's my number?

1. My number has four digits. It is smaller than 6000 but bigger than 5000. The hundreds digit is smaller than 7 but bigger than 6. The tens digit is an odd number smaller than 5 but bigger than 1. The units digit is in the 3 times table and is bigger than 4 but smaller than 8. What's my number?
2. My number has three digits. The units digit is 72 less than 81. The hundreds digit is an odd number which is bigger than 1 but smaller than 4. The tens digit is the same as  $5 + 4$ . What's my number?

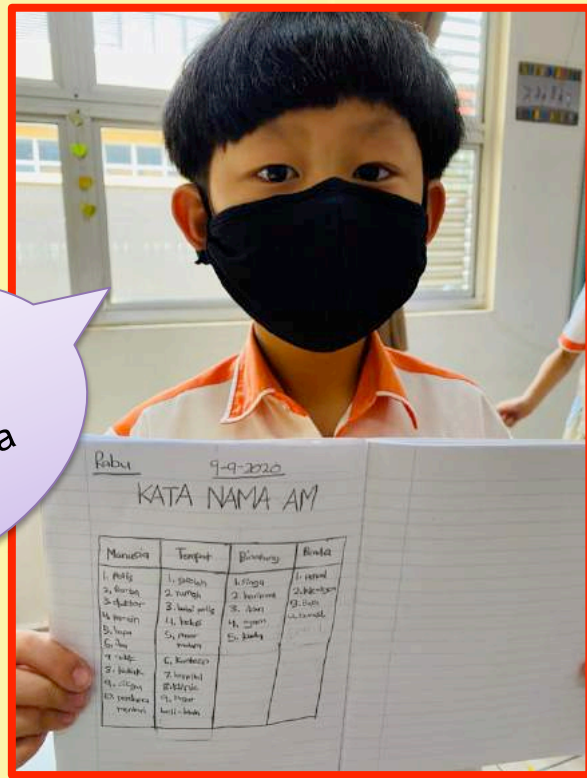
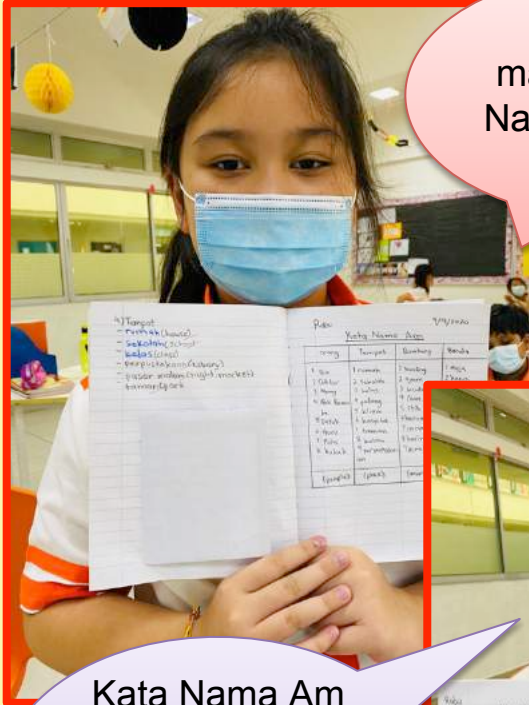




Students wrote their own dialogues with examples of 'Kata Nama Am' and did a roleplay as a practice for 'Kata Nama Am'.

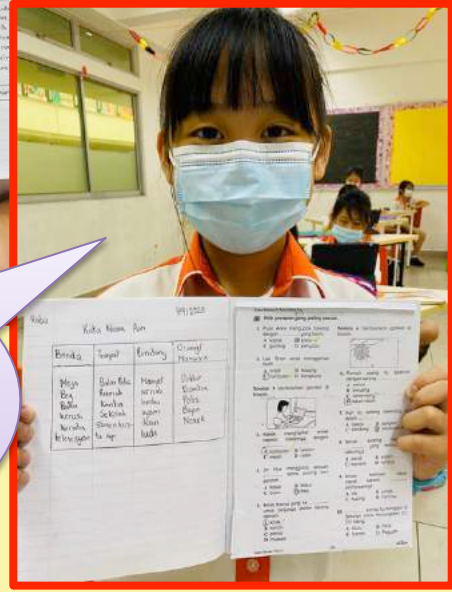
Kata Nama Am ialah kata yang digunakan menjelaskan nama benda yang hidup dan tidak berhidup, Annabelle.

Apakah maksud Kata Nama Am, Rui Jie?



Kata Nama Am boleh dibahagikan kepada empat kategori, Hugo.

Arianna, Kata Nama Am boleh dibahagikan kepada berapa kategori?







# Year 5 (Malay Language)



Leaderboard Questions

14 / 15 done

Show only top 5

Rank	Name	Points
1	Hugo_playz	11000
2	Qi Bing	9260
3	Annnabelle	9000
4	Rui Jie Ye	8770
5	Aghan Varan	8650
6	Megan lee	8340
7	Lau Xin Ru	7050
8	Arianna	6960
9	Megan ong	5870
10	He Yu Xuan	5500



**Students had fun testing their knowledge on 'Kata Nama Am' on Quizziz!**





# Year 6 Music



Year 6 students learned about the Rhythm Section. The pictures show them practising “air drumming” using a simple 4 beat drum pattern.







# Year 7 Global Connections

Global Connections is a new subject for Year 7 students but they are already showing a good understanding of what the subject is about and the skills that will be developed throughout the course.

## Personal perspective: Wind Farms (By: De Mi)

As I heard that the government had planned to build a wind farm, I couldn't help but feel relieved as the world kills all the nature, some people are trying to fix it trying their hardest to correct all the mistakes they made. The wind energy doesn't pollute the air like power plants that rely on combustion fuels such as coal, burning fossil fuels creates more greenhouse gases while the wind turbines create energy from nature causing less harm to the environment. Wind energy is renewable and clean, they will never run out and don't need to burn fossil fuels. I'm happy for the earth while the people try to slowly but maturely to try and correct themselves, as we take small steps from recycling our plastics to running to the whole world on wind turbines. But like all good things, there will always be cons trying to balance everything out. As the wind turbines are as loud as a helicopter's rotor spinning rapidly. As burning coal, you can do it whenever no matter what weather but the wind turbine depends on the weather. But as the coal are cheap the wind turbines are expensive to set up. But overall great to help the world to be a better place.

## National Perspective: Wind Farm Perspectives by Jun Bond

The people of the country could see a wind turbine as a good thing because we need lots of electricity to power up a country, but it could also be a bad thing because if you want to create lots of wind turbines, then you would have to clear the trees, and we need to trees for oxygen so if we run out of trees for a country it could be a problem.

### Environmentalism:

An environmentalist might find a wind farm as a bad idea, but if they are building the wind farm in an empty space, then it would probably be fine, but if the people are clearing forests to get more land, then it would be bad.

### Business Owner:

A business owner might find a wind farm great, but it depends on the job, if their job is selling hotdogs, then it might not be of much use for them, but if they own a huge company, a wind farm could be a good thing, because they would need to use lots of electricity for their business.





## Perspectives about plastic pollution by Pearl Diya Anoop

### Local perspective

We think that we should make some changes to our community by trying to prevent plastic pollution. It's very dangerous to people and animals, so we try our best to avoid littering and such. Plastic and litter can easily injure one, and can hurt the natural wildlife that surrounds us. It's a huge hassle trying to get rid of rubbish but we aspire to make our town pollutant-free.

### Global perspective

Plastic pollution is a worldwide issue that needs a solution soon before it can cause more harm than it already does now. Mismanaged plastic ends up in ecosystems, causing unnecessary stress to the environment and its inhabitants.

### Environmentalist perspective

Plastic pollution is one of the most harmful things for the environment, due to it causing many casualties in wildlife, particularly marine life. **Chlorinated** plastic can release harmful chemicals into the surrounding soil, which can then seep into **groundwater** or other surrounding water sources and also the ecosystem of the world. It's very saddening to see the effect it has on the world.

## Polluted beach - Personal Perspective Samitha Thavanayagam

My personal perspective of a polluted beach is looking at the muddy, disgusting revolting, mess around me. It is so quiet and all you can see is rubbish and waste all around you. That makes me think about all the fishes and marine animals. This is a very bad habit that we all have. We must try and stop this at once! Beaches are supposed to be very quiet, peaceful, and most importantly pristine. All the magnanimous people are helping so you must help them to protect our beloved marine animals and our most popular tourist attraction which is the beach.

## Personal perspective about wind farms by Pen Nee Lim

In my perspective, a wind farm could be a great advantage to many people, but it is not always that beneficial to society. Wind Turbines are really expensive and dangerous to wildlife. They can hurt birds or bats passing by and cause a great downfall to their population. I would not say that wind farms are completely bad, but it can trouble many other people too. I dislike the fact that wind turbines could affect the creatures living around them, but if possible, I'd like the amount of wind farms to be decreased.







# Rafflesia Year 8 Science

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Students were given ten minutes to research a specific herb or spice and discover which portion of the plant it comes from. Students learned the difference between a herb and a spice. They understood herbs and spices originate from plants. The portion of the plant they are derived from determines if it is a herb or a spice.

### Plants

#### Chrysanthemum by: Jing Yu

**HOW TO GROW**

**HOW TO HARVEST**

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

**FUTURE USES**

### Plants

#### Rosemary by: Wong Qing

**HOW TO GROW**

**HOW TO HARVEST**

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

**FUTURE USES**

### Plants

#### Ginkgo by: Arsyad

**HOW TO GROW**

**HOW TO HARVEST**

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

**FUTURE USES**

### Plants

#### Ginseng by: Bethany

**HOW TO GROW**

**HOW TO HARVEST**

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

**FUTURE USES**

### Plants

#### Parsley by: Jing Yu

**HOW TO GROW**

**HOW TO HARVEST**

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

**FUTURE USES**

### Plants

#### Bay Leaf by: Aloysius

**HOW TO GROW**

**HOW TO HARVEST**

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

**FUTURE USES**





### Rosemary

by: Natalie

**HOW TO GROW**

1. Suitable soil (sandy or rock shales, used etc...)
2. Dig a 3-inch trench from the stem of the plant.
3. Trim of the lower leaves up to 1/2 inches up the stem.
4. Plant the pot in the windwall, temperature between 60 and 70°F.
5. After 8 weeks, it will be ready to harvest.

**HOW TO HARVEST**

1. Wait until spring or summer to harvest Rosemary.
2. Look for the branches that are at least 50 cm long, cut off the top 5 cm.
3. Leave at least 3/4 of the plants to grow so that it will continue to thrive and produce new sprouts.
4. Classify with their humidity (from flowers)

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

1. Ancient Greeks used Rosemary to boost memory.
2. Essential oils
3. Tucked under pillow to prevent nightmares
4. Customary for the bride to plant rosemary near the marital threshold on their day of matrimony.
5. Cooking

**FUTURE USES**

1. Improve brain function/memory
2. Stimulates their growth
3. eases stress
4. essential oils
5. cooking
7. improve digestion
8. promote digestion
9. medicine use
10. perfume

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- improve digestion
- promote digestion
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- perfume

### Basil

by: Jia Hang

**HOW TO GROW**

- Basil herbs just need a small box to survive.
- If needs water, so you have to make your soil moisture and it will grow/water it around 1 or 2 days.
- It depends how big it is and how much sunlight it needs, so you might need to decide a place to grow it by its size. (See Pg 153 & 154)

**HOW TO HARVEST**

- When harvesting Basil herbs, try to avoid from damaging it's stem. (When Autumn, that's the time to pick Basil leaves at their base, where they meet the stem.)
- Gently pull away the Basil from the stem. You can also cut away the leaves with a small scissors.

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

- Basil leaves are used to make medicine (the plant part that grow above the ground).
- It is used for stomach spasms, loss of appetite, intestinal gas, etc.
- It is also used to treat insects.

**FUTURE USES**

- The global market for basil leaves in future is oils, medicines, pharmaceuticals.
- People think that it is possible for basil leaves to make food spices and food preparations.
- Basil leaves are cultivated and marketed in farms such as dried leaves, fresh basil leaves, Basil leaves pasta, etc.

### Feverfew

by: Valeriya

**HOW TO GROW**

- For good growing plants need sun the better time when you can see seeds makes in late winter.
- Expect germination to take 10 to 14 days.
- Well-drained sandy or loamy soil with pH of 6.0 to 6.9 is perfect for these plants.
- It reaches 60 cm and normal plants release within 10-15cm (10-15).

**HOW TO HARVEST**

- Prior to cutting back perennial spray the plants always the cutting before (cutting every 10-15cm) so the plant can regenerate without having to die.
- Don't cut more than 1/3 of the plant or it might die!

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

- One of the way of using feverfew is treatment of headaches require stretching stomach and relaxing, more like rheumatism arthritis.
- Species: *T. parryi*
- Genus: *Tanacetum*
- Family: *Asteraceae*
- Where: (Australia)

**FUTURE USES**

- It still will use as a dietary supplement for migraine, headache, perception problems, with anti-inflammation.
- **PLACE**
- Feverfew is native to certain specifically the British, Portugal, France, and the Caucasus. But the cultivation has spread to around the world and it now is found in the rest of Europe, North America, and Chile.

### Thyme

by: Qaseh

**HOW TO GROW**

- Thyme does grow in shade.
- Soil: Thyme requires moist soil.
- Water: Thyme needs water regularly.
- Light: Thyme needs full sun.
- Temperature: Thyme grows best in a warm, sunny location.
- Humidity: Thyme grows best in a dry, sunny location.

**HOW TO HARVEST**

- Thyme can be harvested in the spring or summer.
- Thyme can be harvested in the spring or summer.
- Thyme can be harvested in the spring or summer.
- Thyme can be harvested in the spring or summer.

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

- Thyme can be used in cooking.
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- Thyme can be used in cooking.
- Thyme can be used in cooking.

**FUTURE USES**

- Thyme can be used in cooking.
- Thyme can be used in cooking.
- Thyme can be used in cooking.
- Thyme can be used in cooking.

### Rosemary

by: Hui Shan

**HOW TO GROW**

- Rosemary likes a sunny location.
- Rosemary likes a sunny location.
- Rosemary likes a sunny location.
- Rosemary likes a sunny location.

**HOW TO HARVEST**

- Rosemary can be harvested in the spring or summer.
- Rosemary can be harvested in the spring or summer.
- Rosemary can be harvested in the spring or summer.
- Rosemary can be harvested in the spring or summer.

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

- Rosemary can be used in cooking.
- Rosemary can be used in cooking.
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**FUTURE USES**

- Rosemary can be used in cooking.
- Rosemary can be used in cooking.
- Rosemary can be used in cooking.
- Rosemary can be used in cooking.

### Star Anise

by: Hadif

**HOW TO GROW**

- Star anise requires warm, sunny area.
- Take the seed from the side of the star anise.
- Plant them in a container with moist soil and let it grow until they are 12-15cm.
- Once the size are reach plant them into the ground outside.
- Most star anise are grow and made in china.

**HOW TO HARVEST**

- To harvest you need to make sure your tree is mature this could take 6 years if you start from seed.
- Once you see the herb is open and brown or black you may harvest it. It is best right when you harvest them before it is too dark.

**HOW THEY ARE USED**

- Star anise are used in cooking and medical purposes.
- For medical the star anise oil are contain thymol which is use for medical rough and the treatment.
- For cooking they are famously use inside rice for extra flavour and smell, but they are unusually remove afterwards as the flavour and smell has been release into the rice.

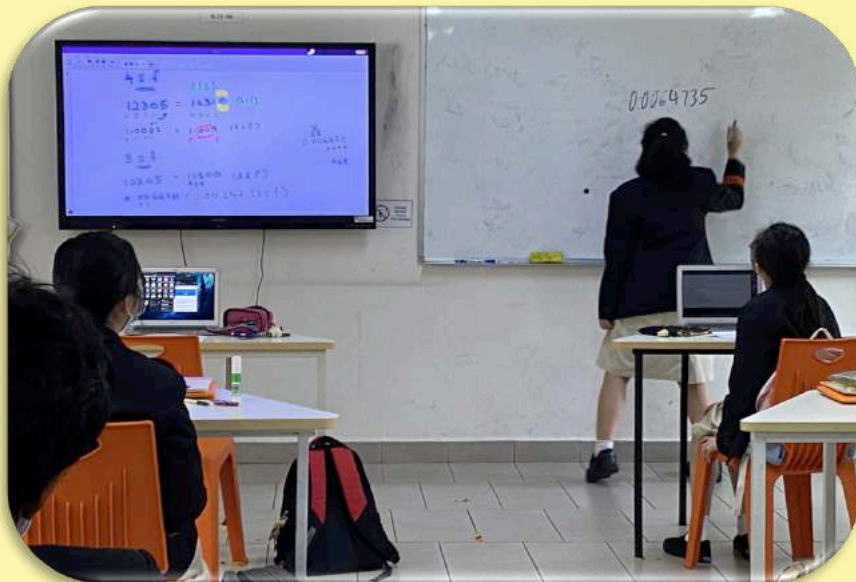
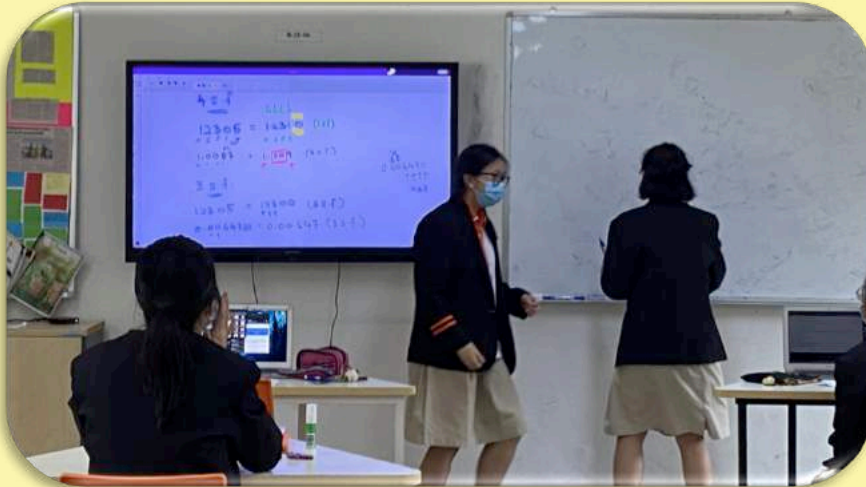
**FUTURE USES**

- Soon once cooking oil (star anise) comes in, star anise oil will be use more due to the oil in star anise are good for medical and cooking.





# YEAR 10 NUMBERS



Human-device interaction during lessons has never been so interactive. We witnessed students getting so excited when they first saw notes to be presented digitally before their eyes. It further encouraged them to present their understanding helping their friends in return. We teachers served as facilitators to provide a platform for these future leaders to hone their skills during lessons.



# Year 11 - Vector Geometry

**Exercise 13.3**

1)  $\vec{OA} = a$   
 $\vec{OB} = b$   
 $\vec{AG} = \lambda \vec{AB}$

$R$  is the midpoint of  $OA$   
 $\vec{OR} = \frac{1}{2} \vec{OA} = \frac{1}{2} a$   
 $\vec{RG} = \mu \vec{AB}$

2)  $\vec{OP} = a$   $\vec{OR} = 3b$   $\vec{OR} = \mu \vec{OP}$   
 $\vec{PR} = 2b$   $\vec{OR} = \lambda \vec{OP}$

3)  $\vec{OR}$  in terms of  $\lambda$   
 $\vec{OR} = \lambda \vec{OP}$   
 $\vec{OR} = \lambda(\vec{OP} + \vec{PR})$   
 $\vec{OR} = \lambda(a + 2b)$   
 $\vec{OR} = \lambda a + 2\lambda b$

4)  $\vec{OR}$  in terms of  $\mu$   
 $\vec{OR} = \vec{OR} + \vec{AR}$   
 $\vec{OR} = \vec{OR} + \mu \vec{AB}$   
 $\vec{OR} = \vec{OR} + \mu(\vec{OB} - \vec{OA})$   
 $\vec{OR} = a - \mu a + \mu b$   
 $\vec{OR} = (1 - \mu)a + \mu b$

5) Find  $\vec{OR}$  in terms of  $\mu$   
 $\vec{OR} = \vec{OR} + \vec{AR}$   
 $\vec{OR} = \vec{OR} + \mu(\vec{OB} - \vec{OA})$   
 $\vec{OR} = a - \mu a + \mu b$   
 $\vec{OR} = (1 - \mu)a + \mu b$

Hermione Tan

15)  $\vec{OP} = 8i + 3j$   $\vec{OR} = \vec{OP} + \mu \vec{OQ}$   
 $\vec{OQ} = -12i - 7j$   
 Find  $\vec{OR}$

$\vec{OR} = r_x i + r_y j$   
 $r_y = 0$   
 $\vec{OR} = \begin{pmatrix} r_x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $0 = 3 + (-7\mu)$   
 $\mu = \frac{3}{7}$   
 $r_x = 8 + (\frac{3}{7} \times -12) = \frac{20}{7}$   
 $\vec{OR} = \frac{20}{7} i$

The learning process has further evolved. Students from Year 11 learned how to solve resultant vectors with the help of cloud computing. A digitised version of the students' class notes was instantly updated on the virtual whiteboard available to all students. It allowed all students to pay full attention during the lesson and not have to worry about note taking during the lesson.

c) Find  $\lambda$  when  $ABC$  is a right-angle.

$\vec{AB} = 4i - 3j$   $\vec{AC} = \frac{1}{2}i - 2j$   $M_{AB} \times M_{AC} = -1$   
 $\vec{BC} = \vec{BC} + \vec{OC} = -2i + \frac{1}{2}j$   $-2 \times \frac{1}{2} = -1$   
 $\vec{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$   $\vec{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$   $\frac{1}{2} \times -2 = -1$   
 $\vec{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$   $\vec{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$   $\lambda = 1$

15. Position vector of  $P$  is  $8i + 3j$ , Position vector of  $Q$  is  $-12i - 7j$ .  $R$  lies on  $x$ -axis.  
 $\vec{OR} = \vec{OP} + \mu \vec{OQ}$ . Find  $\vec{OR}$ .

$\vec{OR} = ki + rj$   
 $r = 0$   
 $\vec{OR} = \begin{pmatrix} k \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$   $k = 8 + (\frac{3}{7} \times -12)$   $\vec{OR} = \frac{20}{7} i$   
 $0 = 3 + (-7\mu)$   
 $\mu = \frac{3}{7}$

Camelia Foo

Exercise 12 (pg 326)

17)  $\vec{OA} = a$ ,  $\vec{OB} = b$   $\vec{OC} = 3\vec{OB}$   $\vec{OC} = \mu \vec{OB}$   
 $R$  is midpoint of  $OA$   $\vec{AR} = \lambda \vec{AB}$   $\rightarrow$  collinear vectors

a) Find  $\vec{OR}$  in terms of  $\mu$ .  
 $\vec{OR} = \vec{OR} + \vec{AR}$  or  $\vec{OR} = \vec{OR} + \vec{AR}$   
 $\vec{OR} = \frac{1}{2}a + \mu \vec{AB} = \frac{1}{2}a + \mu(-a + b)$   
 $\vec{OR} = \frac{1}{2}a + \mu[-(\frac{1}{2}a) + 3b]$   
 $= \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}\mu a + 3\mu b$

b) Find  $\vec{OR}$  in terms of  $\lambda$ .  
 $\vec{OR} = \vec{OR} + \vec{AR}$   
 $= a + \lambda \vec{AB}$   
 $= a + \lambda(\vec{OB} - \vec{OA})$   
 $= a + \lambda(-a + b)$   
 $= (1 - \lambda)a + \lambda b$

c) Find value of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$ .  
 $\frac{1}{2}(1 + \mu)a + 3\mu b = (1 - \lambda)a + \lambda b$   
 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\mu = 1 - \lambda$   
 $\lambda = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \mu)$   
 $3\mu = \lambda$   
 $\mu = \frac{3}{2}\lambda$   
 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}\lambda) = 1 - \lambda$   
 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}\lambda = 1 - \lambda$   
 $\frac{3}{4}\lambda + \lambda = 1 - \frac{1}{2}$   
 $\frac{7}{4}\lambda = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $\lambda = \frac{2}{7}$

Lim Yan Rong





# YEAR 11- VECTOR GEOMETRY

2)  $\vec{RQ} = -\vec{a} + \vec{b}$

1) Find  $\vec{OQ}$

$\vec{OQ} = \vec{OB} + \vec{BQ}$  or  $\vec{OQ} = \vec{OP} + \vec{PQ}$

$\vec{OQ} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{a} + \mu\vec{PR} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{a} + \mu(-\vec{RP})$

$\vec{OQ} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{a} + \mu[-(\vec{RO} + \vec{OP})]$

$$\vec{OQ} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{a} + \mu\left[-\frac{1}{2}\vec{a} + 3\vec{b}\right]$$

$$\vec{OQ}_\mu = \frac{1}{2}\vec{a} - \frac{1}{2}\mu\vec{a} + 3\mu\vec{b}$$

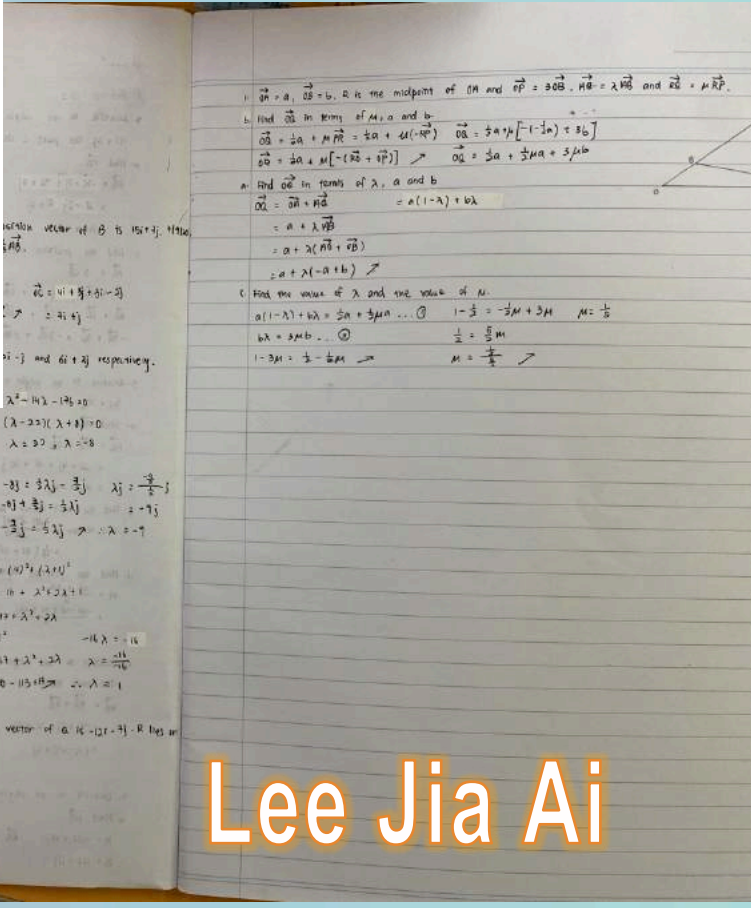
$$= \frac{1}{2}(1-\mu)\vec{a} + 3\mu\vec{b}$$

$$\vec{OQ}_\lambda = \vec{OA} + \vec{AQ}$$

$$\vec{OQ}_\lambda = \vec{a} + \lambda\vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{OQ}_\lambda = \vec{a} + \lambda(\vec{AO} + \vec{OB})$$

$$= \vec{a} + \lambda(-\vec{a} + \vec{b})$$



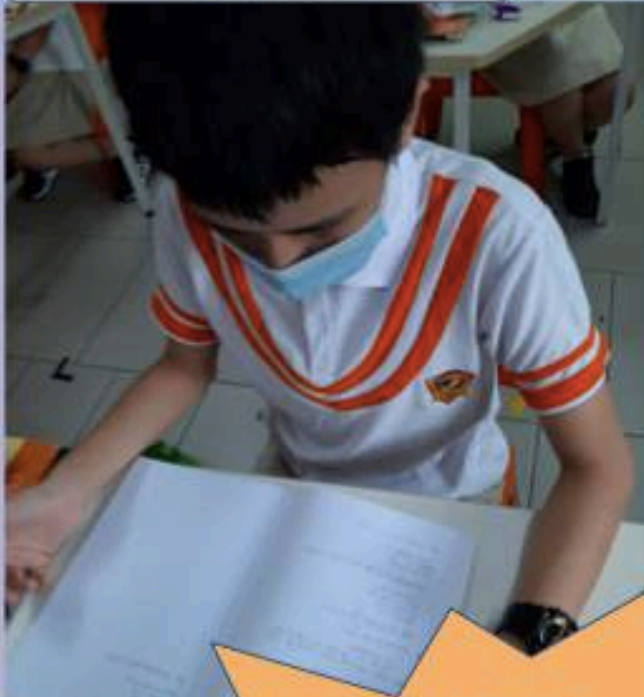
A digital writing device helped to enhance the overall learning experience for additional mathematics students. Students got the same training by the teacher. We could discuss more questions like never before!

## Lee Jia Ai



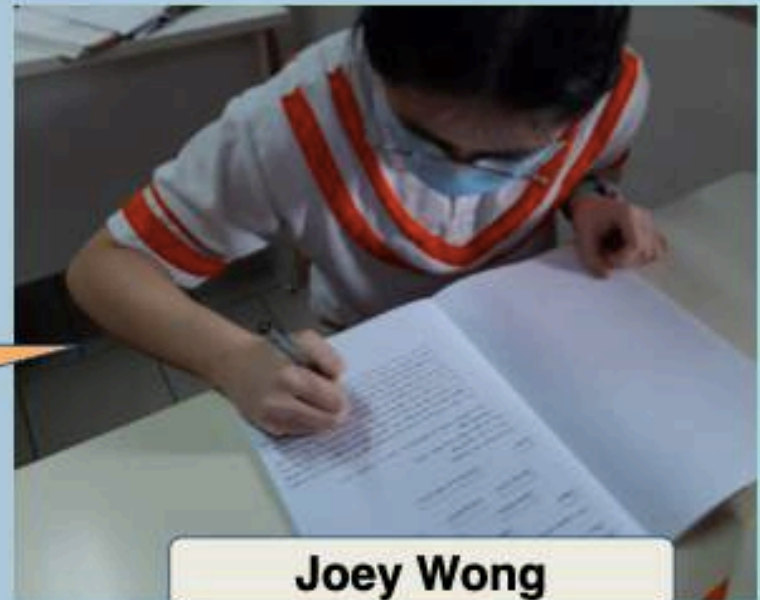
# Year 11 Chemistry

**Lee Jason**



Students have used metacognitive techniques to develop a deeper understanding of the stoichiometry. First, they created a diamond ranking of the subtopics. Then, they revised the hardest subtopic and answered questions from that part to test their understanding.

**Jason and Joey received 2 merit points each for submitting high standard work.**



**Joey Wong**





# Pastoral Care Article

*Does your child give you a hard time about coming to school? Does your child say, "I don't want to go to school" or take too long getting ready in the morning? It is a common problem! Here are some tips to help curb the bad habit before it turns into a serious concern.*



**Being on time  
is not just an  
important  
school skill.  
It's a life skill!**

**Make sure you understand the importance of your child being at school ON TIME every day.** Even a few tardies really add up! Say your child is only 10 mins late each school day. Not a big deal right? Well, that adds up to 1750 mins = almost 30 hours of school missed in one year! THAT IS A BIG DEAL.

**Determine any school or home barriers that are preventing your child from coming to school.** Are they prepared? Do they connect with their teacher? Do they feel safe at school? Do they have any emotional, friendship or physical concern? Do they have a routine for bedtime and morning at home?

**Communicate with your child's teacher, school counselor or principal to help your child feel better about coming to school.** Once any simple barriers are removed, make it a priority to get them to school on time. Do not make or accept any excuses!

**Routines are KEY!** Bedtime should be consistent to assure enough rest. Most children need 8-10 hours of sleep. Adult should set the bedtime for them. Also, develop morning routine that works. If your child is constantly rushing to get out the door, everyone needs to get up 15 mins earlier. Rushing is not a good way to start the day.



Book of the month

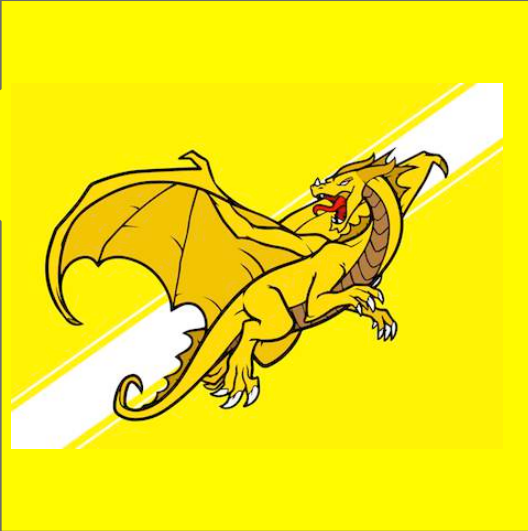
**The Gift of Failure: How the Best Parents Learn to Let Go So Their Children Can Succeed**

"In order to help children make the most of their education, parents must begin to relinquish control and focus on three goals: embracing opportunities to fail, finding ways to learn from that failure, and creating positive home-school relationships." - excerpt from the book.

# Sport House Points

**Total: 97**

Merit Points for  
the week: : 102



**Total: 106**

Merit Points for  
the week: 122



**Total: 77**

Merit Points for  
the week: 100



**Total: 75**

Merit Points for  
the week: 78

